PLC AGENDA

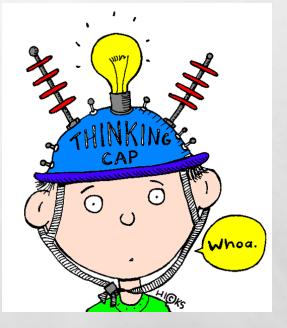
Today's work will focus on the following three components:

- Student Involvement
- Best Practices
- Common Assessments
- Ticket out the Door

STUDENT INVOLVENTATION OF AN ADVENTION OF A ADVENTION OF A

THINK ABOUT IT

- CURRENTLY, TO WHOM DOES THE DATA YOU COLLECT BELONG?
- WHO DOES THE DATA YOU COLLECT BENEFIT?
- WHO KEEPS TRACK OF THE SCORES AND PROGRESS?
- HOW DO YOU ENCOURAGE STUDENTS TO DISCOVER THEIR TALENTS?
- WHOSE WORK IS BEING DISCUSSED AT CONFERENCES?
- WHO IS DISCUSSING THIS WORK?





• STUDENTS MANAGED THEIR OWN DATA?



• STUDENTS HELD THEMSELVES ACCOUNTABLE FOR THEIR PROGRESS?

• STUDENTS WENT FROM A NON-PARTICIPANT TO THE LEADER OF THE CONFERENCE?

• FAMILIES BECOME MORE ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN DISCUSSIONS WITH THEIR CHILD RATHER THAN THE TEACHER?



RECAP

Peggy Scorzelli-Principal Palermo Elementary

L.R.



http://blogs.houstonisd.org/news/2014/06/19/leader-in-me-leading-longfellow-es-students-to-academic-excellence/

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WRITE ABOUT IT!



HOW DO YOU CURRENTLY INVOLVE STUDENTS IN THEIR OWN LEARNING?

1-TAKE OUT A POST IT AND WRITE WAYS THAT YOU CURRENTLY INVOLVE STUDENTS IN THEIR LEARNING

2-SHARE WITH YOUR TABLE GROUP

3-WRITE YOUR GROUP'S RESPONSES ON THE POSTER PAPER, HANG IT ON THE WALL, AND STAND BY YOUR POSTER

Gallery Walk



PICK ONE PERSON TO STAY AT YOUR POSTER

ROTATE ONE POSTER TO THE RIGHT

• YOU WILL HAVE 3 MINUTES AT EACH POSTER TO REVIEW AND ASK CLARIFYING QUESTIONS

APPR Connection

Highly Effective

Teacher always uses a variety of formative assessment to monitor the progress of individual students. Teacher uses student progress to immediately adjust the pace, focus, or delivery of instruction. Students selfassess progress and suggest adjustments to instruction.

Highly Effective

The sequence of learning activities follows a coherent sequence, is aligned to instructional goals, and is designed to engage students in high-level cognitive activity. These are appropriately differentiated for individual learners. Instructional groups are varied appropriately, with some opportunity for student choice

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Highly Effective

Teacher designs all learning experiences and articulates how objectives are aligned with standards. Teacher includes several different opportunities for all students to achieve the learning goals. Students have opportunities to suggest additional ways in which to demonstrate their learning.

Highly Effective

Teacher plans the use of available technological tools and communication strategies to engage each student. Students contribute to the variety of technological strategies used to engage them in their own learning and become critical users of quality information.

Highly Effective

Teacher implements all learning experiences that are aligned with learning standards. Students are aware of the learning objective(s) and can clearly convey/demonstrate how they relate to the learning experiences.

Highly Effective

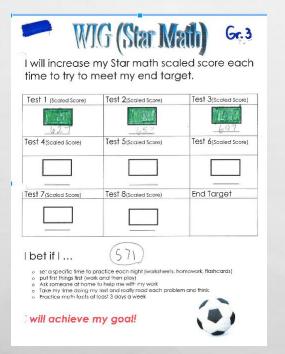
Teacher ensures that students demonstrate respect for one another and monitor one another's treatment of peers. Students correct classmates respectfully when needed, and demonstrate personal responsibility.

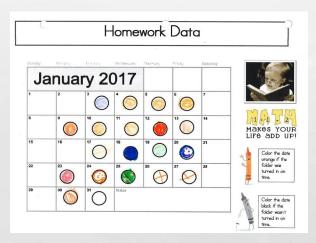
Read About it!

E.R.

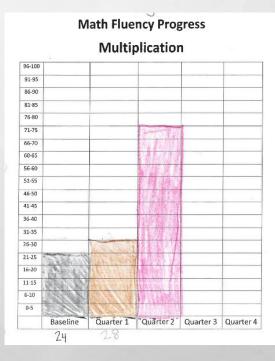
"How to Use Student Data as a Tool in Self-Directed Learning"

by Betsy Wierda





and the second second



Shaping My Thoughts



One idea *rolling* around in your head:

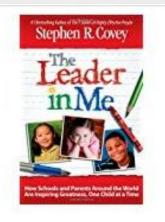


One way this article squared with you...



One key *point* you will take action on...

RESOURCES



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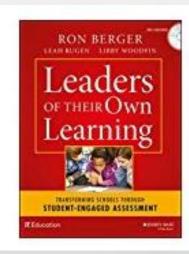
Implementing Student-Led Conferences

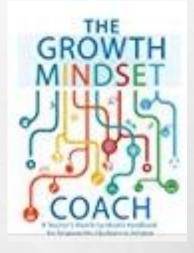
JANE M. BAILEY THOMAS R. GUSKEY



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RTI Best Practices

Strategy 1: A Clear Focus for the Lesson

- Clearly state what you want your students to learn
- Can focus on *surface* or *deep* learning (or both)
- Must be challenging for the students relative to their current mastery of the topic
- May be grouped (i.e. a single lesson may have more than one goal)
- Need to be shared with the students
- Questions at the beginning of the lesson to help students focus

Strategy 2: Offer Overt Instruction

- One of most important factors under a teacher's control
- Direct instruction involving explicitly teaching carefully sequenced curriculum, with cumulative practice
- May include worked examples for multi-step tasks
- Graphic organizers to show how different ideas relate

Strategy 3: Get the Students to Engage With the Content

- Students actively link new information to prior knowledge of the topic by adding it to what they already know or using it to clarify some of the faulty assumptions they currently hold
- Take notes
- Use physical manipulatives
- Asking students to recall information just taught
- Graphic organizers

Strategy 4: Give Feedback

- Highlight what is right/wrong or good/bad about **their work**
- Helping students see how they can improve, while there is still time to improve
- Novice or struggling students need immediate feedback
- More experienced students do better with delayed feedback

Strategy 5: Multiple Exposures

- Helps students internalize new information, especially vocabulary acquisition
- Rehearsal and review
 - Rehearsal: going over material until you can remember it
 - Review: going over things you have previously learned
- Time to practice doing what learned, with repetition over time (with feedback)

Strategy 6: Have Students Apply Their Knowledge

- Deepens student understanding
- Teaching students to think deductively, while giving guided practice, helps them generalize their learning beyond the particular topic or task
- Problem-solving: problems should require students to apply previously learned knowledge and skills, rather than to stimulate discovery learning

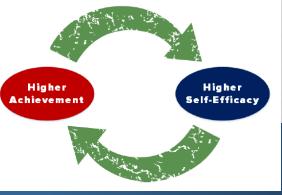
Strategy 7: Get Students Working Together

- Getting students to work with each other helps them achieve better results
- Use of cooperative learning groups adds value to whole-class instruction and to individual work and should not replace either
- Inter-group competition can increase the effect of cooperative learning
- Cooperative learning should be carefully structured and keep groups small
- Students need to be taught how to work in groups

Strategy 8: Build Students' Self-Efficacy

A student's belief about his/her ability to successfully complete a task

- Self-efficacy has a substantial impact on subsequent achievement "If you think you can or can't, you're right!"
- Can build students' self-efficacy through genuine praise and referring to specific accomplishments related to the task
- Self-efficacy and achievement is reciprocal



What best practices do you see?

L.R.



https://youtu.be/tNnVS4B2yXg

What best practices do you see?



Turn and talk to you shoulder partner about best practices in the video of Wade's writing conference. Be prepared to share out to the larger group.

What best practices do you see? Take 2

1.1



https://youtu.be/tNnVS4B2yXg

Team work boosts student learning and professional community

 Skim the article for more information about how teachers at Wade's school built a common understanding of writing expectations